Supporting Information

Benzene C-H Etherification via Photocatalytic Hydrogen-Evolution Cross-Coupling Reaction

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General Information

All commercially available reagents and solvents were used 3-Cyano-1-methylquinolinium perchlorate salt (QuCN⁺ClO₄⁻) and Co(dmgBF₂)₂(CH₃CN)₂ were prepared according to published literature procedures1. Unless otherwise noted all the reactions were carried out in 10 mL Pyrex tube under Argon atmosphere. 500 W high pressure Hanovia mercury lamp with a glass water cooling jacket ($\lambda > 300$ nm) was used as light source. ¹H NMR spectra were recorded using a Bruker Advance DPX 400 MHz instrument with tetramethylsilane (TMS) as an internal standard. Data are presented as follows: chemical shift (ppm), multiplicity (s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, dd = doublet of doublets, m = multiplet, br = broad), coupling constant J (Hz) and integration. Mass spectra were recorded using a Trio-2000 GC-MS spectrometer. The generated photoproduct of H₂ was characterized and measured by GC analysis (14B Shimadzu) using Ar as the carrier gas with a molecular sieve column (5 Å; 30 m × 0.53 mm) and a thermal conductivity detector (TCD). Methane was used as internal standard for the measurement of the yield of H2. GC analysis was performed using He as the carrier gas with capillary column (30 m \times 0.25 mm \times 0.33 μ m) and a flame ionization detector (FID). Conversions and yields that were dertermined by NMR or GC were obtained from the crude reaction mixture by using n-tetradecane as an internal standard. The products were isolated by silica column chromatograph (200-300 meshes silica gel). Selectivity = GC yield or NMR yield / conversion.

General Procedure for Optimization

QuCN⁺ClO₄ and Co(dmgBF₂)₂(CH₃CN)₂ were dissolved in CH₃CN and the reaction tube was sealed. After degassing by at least three freeze-pump-cycles, benzene (18 uL, 0.2 mmol) and CH₃OH were added. Methane (1mL) was then injected as the internal standard for analysis of generated H₂, and the pinholes were sealed by paraffin. The solution was irradiation at room temperature using a 500 W high pressure Hanovia mercury lamp with a glass water cooling jacket ($\lambda > 300$ nm). After 5 h irradiation, yield of H₂ was detected by GC-TCD. The conversion of benzene and yield of anisole were obtained from the crude reaction mixture by GC-FID using *n*-tetradecane as an internal standard. All the reactions were performed at least twice.

Table S1. Optimization for benzene etherification with methanol.

$$H$$
 + CH₃OH $\frac{\text{QuCN}^{+}, \text{Co}(\text{dmgBF}_2)_2(\text{CH}_3\text{CN})_2}{h_{V}, \text{CH}_3\text{CN}, \text{Ar, rt}}$ + H₂ \uparrow

ou turn	CH ₃ OH	pc	cat.	conv ^a	select. (%) ^b	
entry	(equiv)	(mol %)	(mol %)	(%)	anisole	H_2
1	10	10	10	77	100	100
2	10	10	8	79	78	88
3	10	5	8	67	87	100
4	10	5	5	75	95	100
5	10	5	3	82	95	100
6	10	5	1	65	93	100
7°	10	5	3	80	95	100
8°	5	5	3	67	85	100
9°	10	0	3	0	0	0
10°	10	5	0	7	trace	0
11 ^d	10	5	3	0	0	0

Reaction conditions: benzene (0.2 mmol), pc: QuCN⁺, cat.: $Co(dmgBF_2)_2(CH_3CN)_2$, CH_3CN 8 mL. ^aBased on benzene. ^bSelectivity = GC yield / conversion. ^cCH₃CN 5 mL. ^dCH₃CN 5 mL, no light.

General Procedure for Etherification of Arenes (3a-s)

Arene (0.2 mmol, liquid arenes were added after degassing), QuCN⁺ClO₄⁻ (2.7 mg, 0.01 mmol) and Co(dmgBF₂)₂(CH₃CN)₂ (2.8 mg, 0.006 mmol) were dissolved in CH₃CN (5 mL) and the reaction tube was sealed. After degassing by at least three freeze-pump-cycles, ROH (2 mmol) was added. Methane (1mL) was then injected as the internal standard for analysis of generated H₂, and the pinholes were sealed by paraffin. The solution was irradiation at room temperature using a 500 W high pressure Hanovia mercury lamp with a glass water cooling jacket ($\lambda > 300$ nm). After 5 h irradiation, yield of H₂ was determined by GC-TCD. The conversion and yields were determined by GC-FID or NMR using *n*-tetradecane as an internal standard. All the reactions were performed at least twice. The reaction mixture of parallel reactions were combined and isolated by flash column chromatography on silica gel using a mixture of PE-EtOAc as eluent. The isolated yields were the average yields of parallel reactions.

Anisole (3a)

0

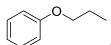
Colorless oil. GC yield: 76%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) δ : 7.30 (dd, J = 8.7, 7.4 Hz, 2H), 6.99 – 6.89 (m, 3H), 3.82 (s, 3H).

Ethoxybenzene² (3b)

0

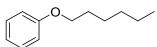
Colorless oil. GC yield: 59%. 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) δ : 7.33 – 7.25 (m, 2H), 6.93 (m, 3H), 4.05 (q, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 1.43 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H). MS (EI): m/z 122.1[M⁺].

Propoxybenzene³ (3c)



Colorless oil. Isolated yield: 11.2 mg, 41%, petroleum ether/EtOAc = 50/1. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) δ : 7.30 – 7.24 (m, 2H), 6.92 (m, 3H), 3.92 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 1.81 (dd, J = 14.1, 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.04 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H). MS (EI): m/z 136.1[M⁺].

(Hexyloxy)benzene⁴ (3d)



Colorless oil. Isolated yield: 16.8 mg, 47%, petroleum ether/EtOAc = 50/1. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) δ : 7.29 (dd, J = 8.4, 7.5 Hz, 2H), 6.91 (m, 3H), 3.95 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 1.82 – 1.73 (m, 2H), 1.51 – 1.41 (m, 2H), 1.38 – 1.30 (m, 4H), 0.91 (dd, J = 9.4, 4.5 Hz, 3H).

MS (EI): m/z 178.1 [M⁺].

(2-Fluoroethoxy)benzene⁵ (3e)

White solid. Isolated yield: 4.6 mg, 16%, petroleum ether/EtOAc = 50/1. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) δ : 7.31 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 6.99 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.94 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 4.84 – 4.81 (m, 1H), 4.72 – 4.69 (m, 1H), 4.27 – 4.24 (m, 1H), 4.21 – 4.17 (m, 1H).

HR-EI MS: m/z calculated for C₈H₉FO[M⁺] 140.0637, found 140.0636...

(3-Chloropropoxy)benzene⁶ (3f)

Colorless oil. Isolated yield: 9.7 mg, 28%, petroleum ether/EtOAc = 50/1. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) δ : 7.30 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 6.99 – 6.89 (m, 3H), 4.12 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.76 (t, J = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 2.29 – 2.21 (m, 2H). MS (EI): m/z 170.1 [M⁺].

(2-Methoxyethoxy)benzene⁷ (3g)

Colorless oil. Isolated yield: 8.0 mg, 26%, petroleum ether/EtOAc = 30/1. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) δ : 7.28 (dd, J = 11.9, 3.7 Hz, 2H), 6.95 (m, 3H), 4.12 (t, J = 4.2 Hz, 2H), 3.76 (t, J = 4.1 Hz, 2H), 3.46 (s, 3H). MS (EI): m/z 152.1[M⁺].

(2-(2-Methoxyethoxy)ethoxy)benzene⁷ (3h)

Colorless oil. Isolated yield: 5.6 mg, 14%, petroleum ether/EtOAc = 30/1 - 5/1. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) δ : 7.28 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 6.94 (m, 3H), 4.15 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.87 (t, J = 4.7 Hz, 2H), 3.76 – 3.70 (m, 2H), 3.61 – 3.56 (m, 2H), 3.40 (s, 3H).

MS (EI): m/z 196.1[M⁺].

(2-(2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethoxy)benzene⁸ (3i)

Colorless oil. Isolated yield: 7.3 mg, 15%, petroleum ether/EtOAc = 30/1 - 5/1. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) δ : 7.27 (dd, J = 9.8, 3.7 Hz, 2H), 6.93 (m, 3H), 4.13 (d, J = 4.5 Hz, 2H), 3.87 (d, J = 3.8 Hz, 2H), 3.74 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 2H), 3.71 – 3.64 (m, 4H), 3.56 (d, J = 3.3 Hz, 2H), 3.38 (s, 3H).

MS (EI): m/z 240.1[M⁺].

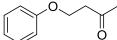
2-Phenoxyethan-1-ol⁷ (3j)

$$\bigcirc$$
OH

Colorless oil. Isolated yield: 7.5 mg, 27%, petroleum ether/EtOAc = 30/1

- 5/1. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) δ : 7.30 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.01 - 6.90 (m, 3H), 4.12 - 4.06 (m, 2H), 3.99 - 3.94 (m, 2H), 2.25 (br, 1H). MS (EI): m/z 138.1[M⁺].

4-Phenoxybutan-2-one⁹ (3k)

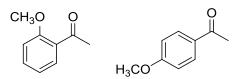


Colorless oil. Isolated yield: 8.6 mg, 26%, petroleum ether/EtOAc = 50/1 - 30/1. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) δ : 7.28 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 6.95 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 4.24 (t, J = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 2.91 (t, J = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 2.24 (s, 3H). MS (EI): m/z 164.1 [M⁺].

Methyl 3-phenoxypropanoate¹⁰ (3l)

Colorless oil. Isolated yield: 24.6 mg, 68%, petroleum ether/EtOAc =

50/1 - 30/1. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) δ : 7.28 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 6.98 - 6.88 (m, 3H), 4.25 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 2.81 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H). MS (EI): m/z 180.1[M⁺].



3m - ortho

3m - para

Petroleum ether/EtOAc = 50/1 - 30/1.

1-(2-Methoxyphenyl)ethan-1-one¹¹ (3m – ortho)

colorless oil. Isolated yield: 10.8 mg, 36%. 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) δ : 7.73 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (dd, J = 14.6, 7.8 Hz, 2H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 2.61 (s, 3H).

1-(4-Methoxyphenyl)ethan-1-one¹¹ (3m – para)

colorless oil. Isolated yield: 4.0 mg, 13%. 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) δ : 7.94 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 6.93 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 2.56 (s, 3H). MS (EI): m/z 150.1[M $^{+}$].

$$H_3CO$$
 H_3CO
 H_3C

Petroleum ether/EtOAc = 50/1 - 30/1.

(3-methoxyphenyl)(phenyl)methanone¹² (3n – meta)

White solid. Isolated yield: 2.1 mg, 5%. 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) δ : 7.81 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.59 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.37 (m, 3H), 7.14 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 3.86 (s, 3H).

The mixture of 3n–para and 3n–ortho. White solid. Isolated yield: 16.6 mg, 39%.

(2-methoxyphenyl)(phenyl)methanone¹² (3n – ortho)

Mix with 3n– para, see the spectrum.

(4-methoxyphenyl)(phenyl)methanone¹² (3n-para)

Mix with 3n - ortho, see the spectrum.

MS (EI): m/z 212.1 $\lceil M^+ \rceil$.

Petroleum ether/EtOAc = 30/1 - 5/1 (with 1% acetic acid).

2-Methoxybenzoic acid¹³ (30 – ortho)

White solid. Isolated yield: 6.7 mg, 22%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) δ : 10.53 (br, 1H), 8.18 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.06 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.08 (s, 3H).

4-Methoxybenzoic acid¹³ (30 – para)

White solid. Isolated yield: 3.1 mg, 10%. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Acetone, ppm) δ : 10.91 (br, 1H), 8.00 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 3.88 (s, 2H). MS (EI): m/z 152.0[M⁺].

$$CH_3O$$
 O H_3CO $3p - para$

Petroleum ether/EtOAc = 50/1 - 30/1.

Methyl 2-methoxybenzoate¹⁴ (3p – ortho)

Colorless oil. Isolated yield: 4.1 mg, 12%. 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) δ : 7.79 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.01 – 6.95 (m, 2H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 3.89 (s, 3H).

Methyl 4-methoxybenzoate¹⁴ (3p – para)

White solid. Isolated yield: 5.0 mg, 15%. 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) δ : 7.99 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 6.92 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.86 (s, 3H). MS (EI): m/z 166.1[M⁺].

3q - ortho

3q *- para*

1-Chloro-2-methoxybenzene¹⁵ (3q - ortho) and 1-Chloro-4-methoxybenzene¹⁵ (3q - para)

Colorless oil (mixture of 3q– para and 3q – ortho). Isolated yield: 18.0 mg, 63%. Petroleum ether/EtOAc = 50/1 - 30/1.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl3, ppm): see the spectrum.

MS (EI): m/z 142.0[M⁺].

Petroleum ether/EtOAc = 50/1 - 30/1.

1,2-dichloro-3-methoxybenzene¹⁶ (3r-1)

Colorless oil. Isolated yield: 1.9 mg, 5%. 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) δ : 7.15 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 3.90 (s, 3H).

1,2-dichloro-4-methoxybenzene¹⁷ (3r-2)

Colorless oil. Isolated yield: 22.3 mg, 63%. 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) δ : 7.31 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (s, 1H), 6.75 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 3.78 (s, 3H). MS (EI): m/z 176.0[M⁺].

2,4-dichloro-1-methoxybenzene¹⁵ (3s)

Colorless oil. Isolated yield: 25.9 mg, 73%, petroleum ether/EtOAc = 50/1 - 30/1. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) δ : 7.36 (s, 1H), 7.19 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.88 (s, 3H).

MS (EI): m/z 176.0 [M⁺].

Procedure for Buloxycaine (6) Synthesis

a. Preparation of Butoxybenzene²⁻³ (4)

0.2 mmol scale of benzene

Butoxybenzene was synthesized as the general procedure for etherification of arenes. QuCN⁺ClO₄⁻ (2.7 mg, 0.01 mmol) and Co(dmgBF₂)₂(CH₃CN)₂ (2.8 mg, 0.006 mmol) were dissolved in CH₃CN (5 mL) and the reaction tube was sealed. After degassing by at least three freeze-pump-cycles, benzene (18 uL, 0.2 mmol) and 1-butanol (183 uL, 2 mmol) were added. Ten parallel reactions were carried out. After 5 h irradiation with a 500W high pressure Hanovia mercury lamp with a glass water cooling jacket ($\lambda > 300$ nm), the solution of ten parallel reactions were combined and isolated by silica column chromatograph using a mixture of petroleum ether/EtOAc (50/1 – 40/1) to afford 4 as colorless oil (169mg, 56% yield).

4 mmol scale of benzene

QuCN⁺ClO₄⁻ (54 mg, 0.2 mmol) and Co(dmgBF₂)₂(CH₃CN)₂ (56 mg, 0.12 mmol) were dissolved in CH₃CN (150 mL) in an immersion well apparatus, after degassing by at least three pump-refilled-cycles with argon, benzene (358 uL, 4 mmol) and 1-butanol (3.66 mL, 40 mmol) were added. After 7 h irradiation with a 500W high pressure Hanovia mercury lamp with a glass water cooling jacket ($\lambda > 300$ nm), the reaction solution was concentrated and isolated by silica column chromatograph using a mixture of petroleum ether/EtOAc 50/1 – 40/1 to afford 4 as colorless oil (197mg, 33% yield).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, 400 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) δ: 7.29 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 6.93 (dd, J = 14.5, 7.6 Hz, 3H), 3.98 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 1.83 – 1.74 (m, 2H), 1.57 – 1.46 (m, 2H), 0.99 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H).

b. Preparation of 1-Bromo-4-butoxybenzene (5)

Bromo-4-butoxybenzene was synthesized according the previous report¹⁸. Firstly, moist Montmorillonite K10 (ca. 19 wt% loading of water) was prepared. Deionized water (0.24 g) in portions was added to Montmorillonite K10 (1.0 g), and the mixture was vigourously stirred until free-flowing powder was obtained (it should be readily done within a few minutes and was immediately employed for the bromination). 4 (150 mg, 1.0 mmol) and Mn(acac)₃ (3.5 mg, 0.01 mmol) was added into dichloromethane (10 mL), and the mixture was stirred. Freshly prepared moist Mont. (1 g), NaClO₂ (118 mg, 1.3 mmol) and NaBr (257 mg, 2.5 mmol) were then added. The vial was degassed by three freeze-pump-cycles with argon. After 60 min stirring at room temperature (care should be taken in continuing efficient stirring), the mixture was filtrated and washed with ether (3 \times 20 mL). The clear filtrate was condensed and purified by silica column chromatograph (hexane/EtOAc, 10/1) to afford 5 as colorless oil (207mg, 90% yield).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, 400 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) δ : 7.36 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 6.77 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 3.92 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 1.80 – 1.71 (m, 2H), 1.54 – 1.43 (m, 2H), 0.97 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H).

c. Preparation of buloxycaine (6)

Buloxycaine (6) was synthesized according the previous report¹⁹. In the glovebox, 25-mL round bottom flask was charged with 1-bromo-4- butoxybenzene (115 mg, 0.50 mmol), 2-(diethylamino)ethan-1-ol (266 μ L, 2.0 mmol), Pd(dba)₂ (15 mg, 0.025 mmol), CataCXium A (18 mg, 0.050 mmol), Na₂CO₃ (160 mg, 1.5 mmol), DMAP (15.3 mg, 0.13 mmol) and toluene (3 mL). The flask was sealed and CO (20 mL) was injected. The mixture was stirred at 100 °C for 18 h. The mixture was filtrated and washed with EtOAc (3 × 5 mL). The filtrate was condensed and purified by silica column chromatograph (EtOAc/MeOH, 20/1) to afford 6 as colorless oil (135mg, 91% yield).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) δ : 7.97 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.89 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 4.35 (t, J = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 4.00 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 2.84 (t, J = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 2.62 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 4H), 1.82 – 1.73 (m, 2H), 1.49 (m, J = 14.9, 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.06 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 6H), 0.97 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H).

General Procedure for Intramolecular Etherification of Arenes (8a-f')

Arene (0.2 mmol, liquid arenes were added after degassing), QuCN⁺ClO₄⁻ (2.7 mg, 0.01 mmol) and Co(dmgBF₂)₂(CH₃CN)₂ (2.8 mg, 0.006 mmol) were dissolved in CH₃CN (5 mL) and the reaction tube was sealed. After degassing by at least three freeze-pump-cycles, methane (1mL) was injected as the internal standard for analysis of generated H₂, and the pinholes were sealed by paraffin. The solution was irradiation at room temperature using a 500 W high pressure Hanovia mercury lamp with a glass water cooling jacket ($\lambda > 300$ nm). Two parallel reactions were carried out. After 5 h irradiation, yield of H₂ was detected by GC-TCD. The conversion and yields were obtained from the crude reaction mixture by ¹H NMR using *n*-tetradecane as an internal standard. The solution of parallel reactions were combined. All products were isolated by flash column chromatography on silica gel using a mixture of PE-EtOAc as eluent. The isolated yields were the average yields of two parallel reactions.

Chromane²⁰ (8a)

Colorless oil. Isolate yield: 7.1 mg, 21%, petroleum ether/EtOAc = 50/1.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) δ : 7.12 – 7.02 (m, 2H), 6.87 – 6.78 (m, 2H), 4.22 – 4.17 (m, 2H), 2.80 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 2.06 – 1.98 (m, 2H). MS (EI): m/z 134.1[M⁺].

1-(chroman-7-yl)ethan-1-one²¹ (8b)

Colorless oil. Isolate yield: 18.4 mg, 52%, petroleum ether/EtOAc = 50/1 -

20/1. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) δ : 7.43 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (s, 1H), 7.11 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.24 – 4.18 (m, 2H), 2.83 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.54 (s, 3H), 2.02 (dt, J = 11.5, 5.9 Hz, 2H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) δ: 197.69, 154.94, 136.62, 129.96, 127.89, 119.82, 116.89, 66.57, 26.59, 25.12, 21.99.

MS (EI): m/z 176.1[M⁺].

5-chlorochromane²² (8c)



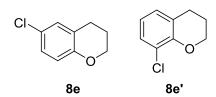
O Colorless oil. Isolate yield: 14.5 mg, 43%, petroleum ether/EtOAc = 100/1 - 50/1. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) δ : 7.02 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.93 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.18 – 4.12 (m, 2H), 2.78 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 2.07 – 2.00 (m, 2H). MS (EI): m/z 168.0[M⁺].

5-bromochromane²³ (8d)



Colorless oil. Isolate yield: 17.0 mg, 40%, petroleum ether/EtOAc = 100/1 - 50/1. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm) δ : 7.12 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.16 – 4.12 (m, 2H), 2.76 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 2.07 – 2.00 (m, 2H). MS (EI): m/z 212.0[M⁺].

6-chlorochromane²² (8e) and 8-chlorochromane²⁴ (8e')



Colorless oil. Isolate yield: 22.9 mg, 68%, petroleum ether/EtOAc = 50/1. 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): see the spectrum. MS (EI): m/z 168.0[M⁺].

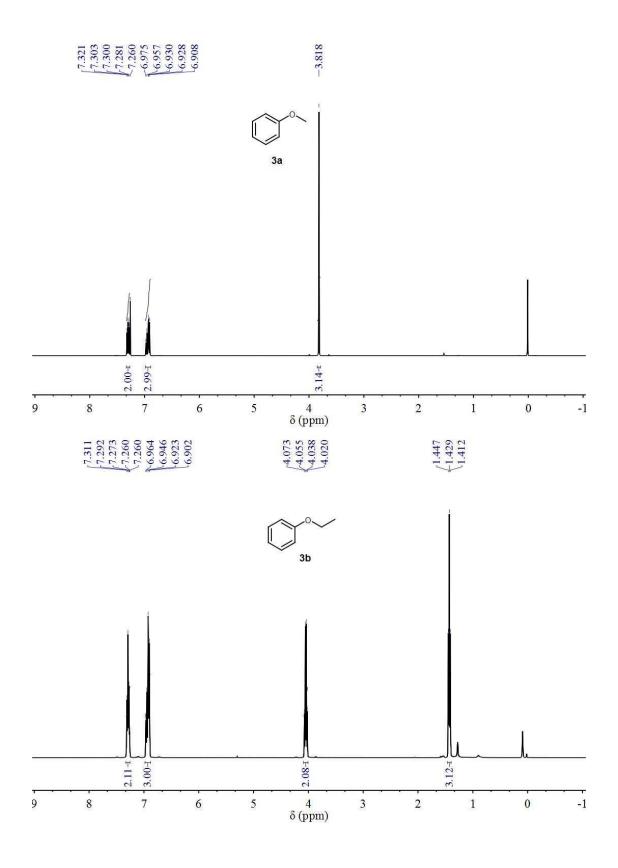
6-bormochromane²⁵ (8f) and 8-bormochromane²⁶ (8f')

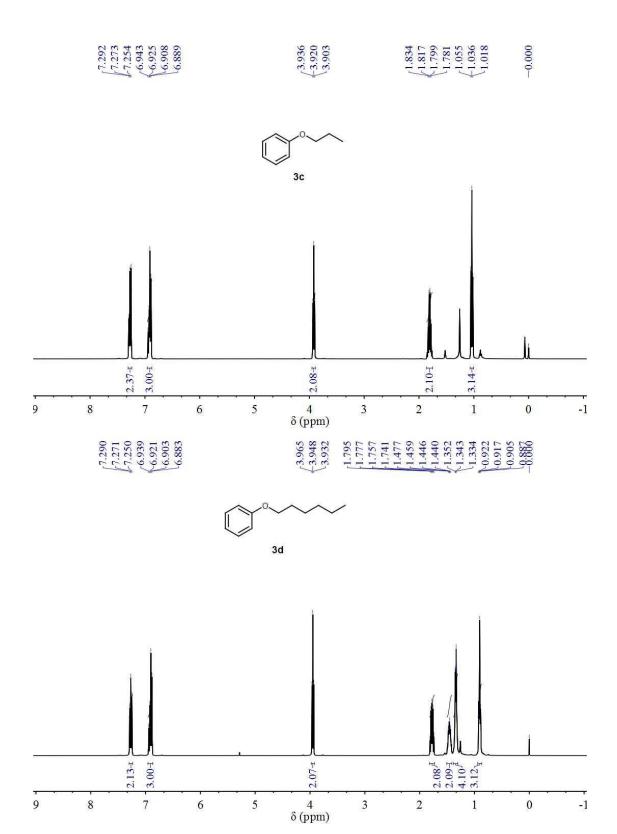
Colorless oil. Isolate yield: 26.8 mg, 63%, petroleum ether/EtOAc = 50/1. 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, ppm): see the spectrum. MS (EI): m/z 212.0[M⁺].

References

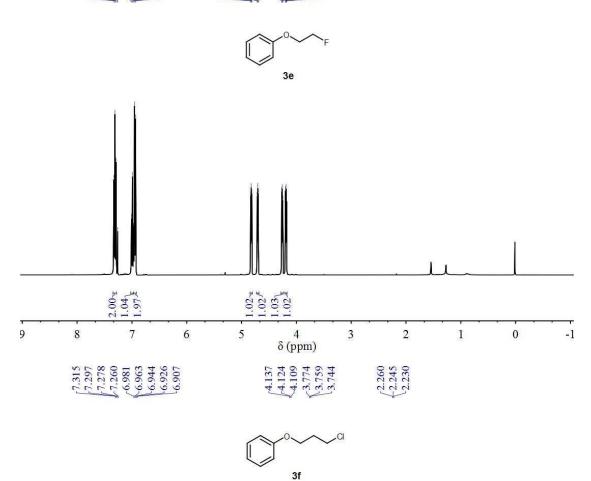
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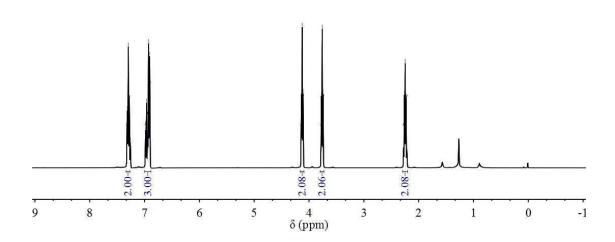
NMR Spectra

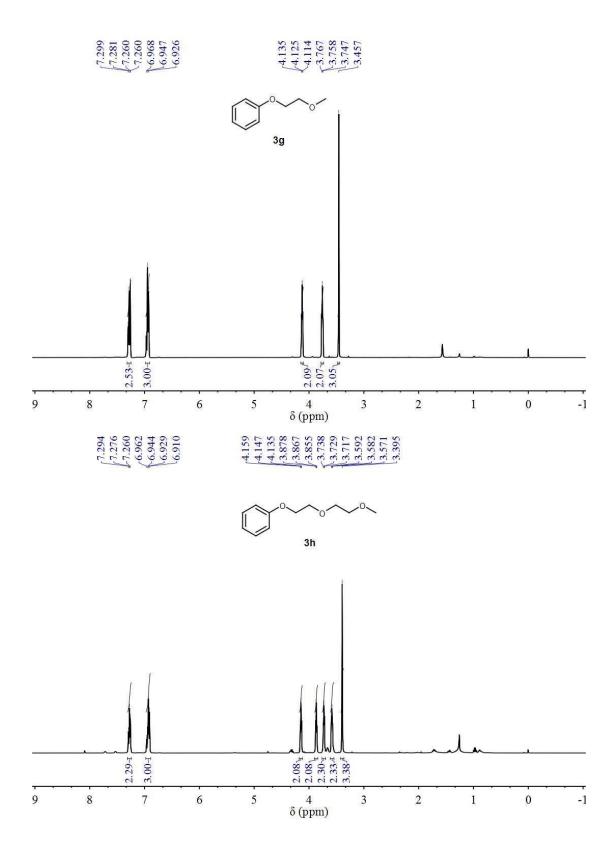


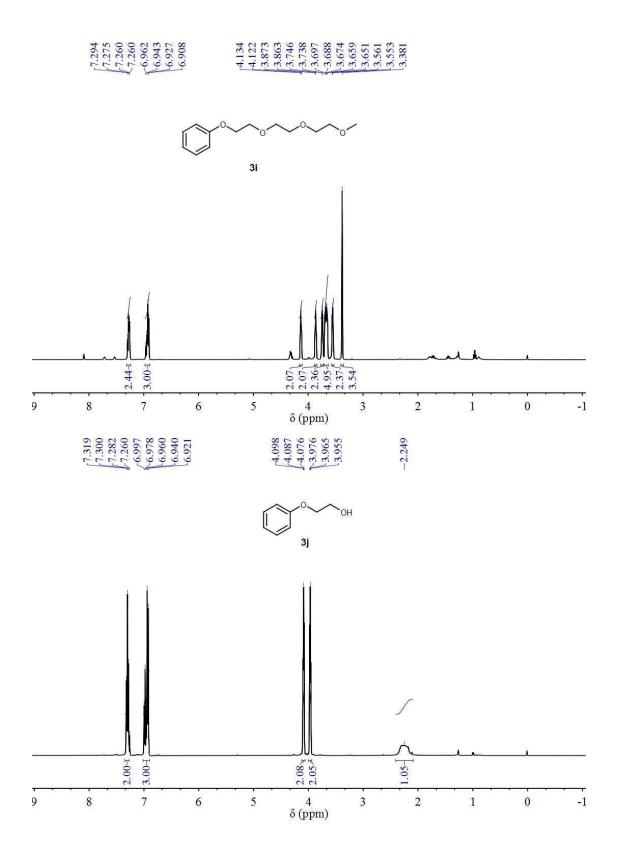


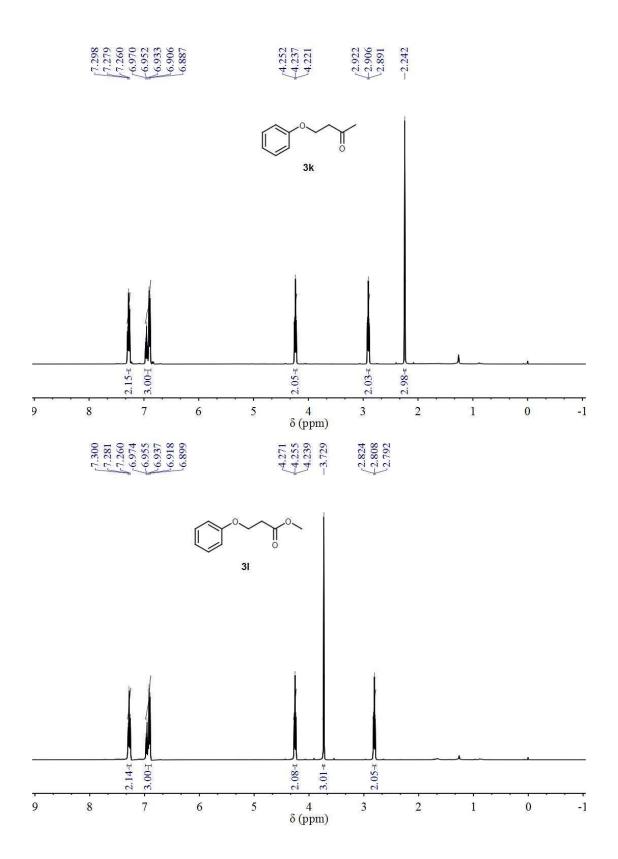


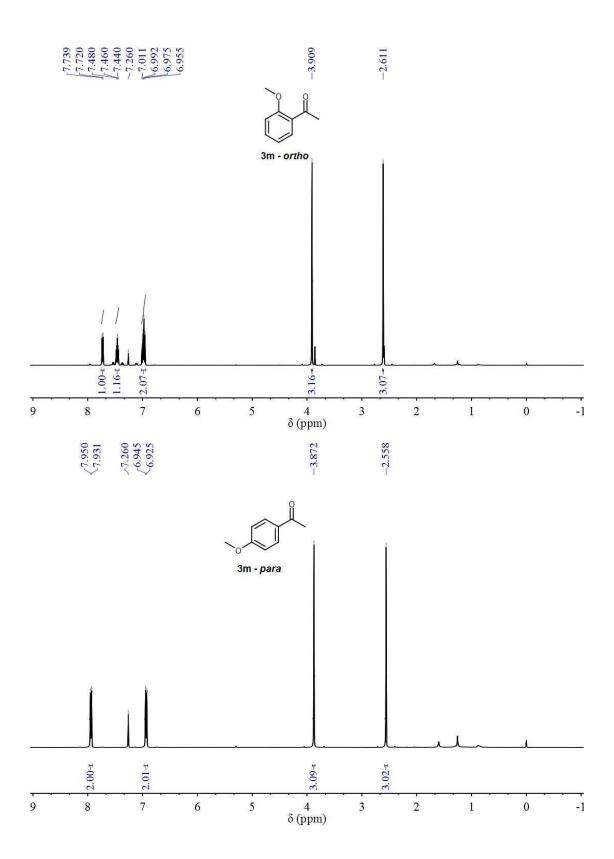












3.07₹

3

2

1

0

4 δ (ppm)

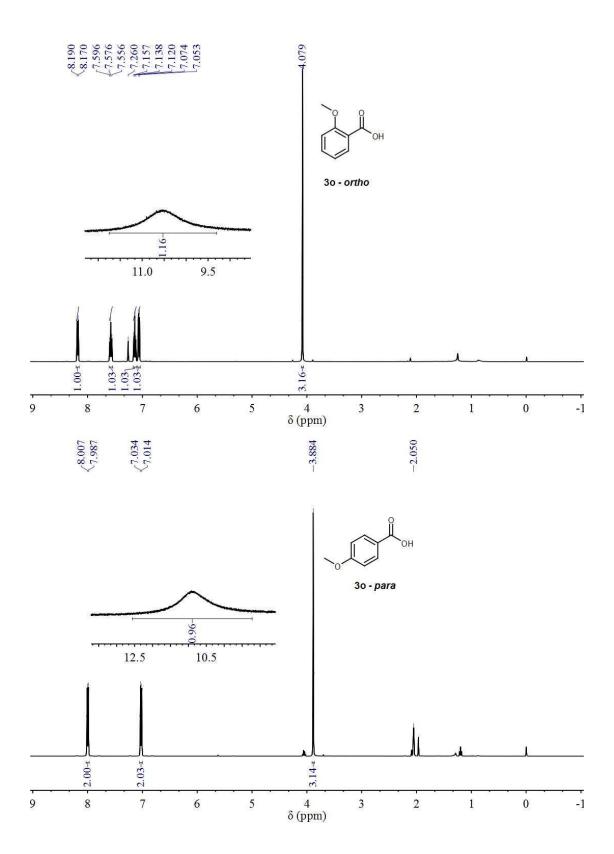
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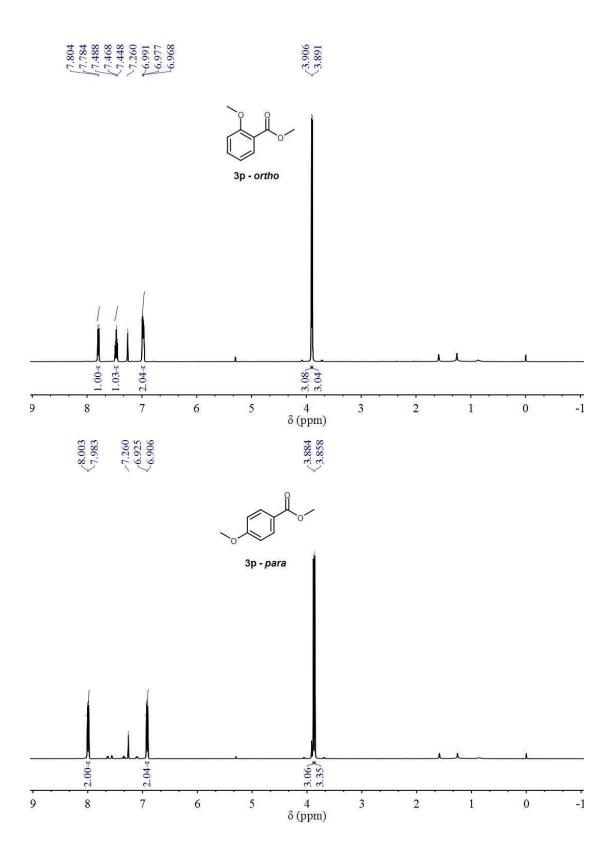
8 6.600 3.222 2.336 6.834

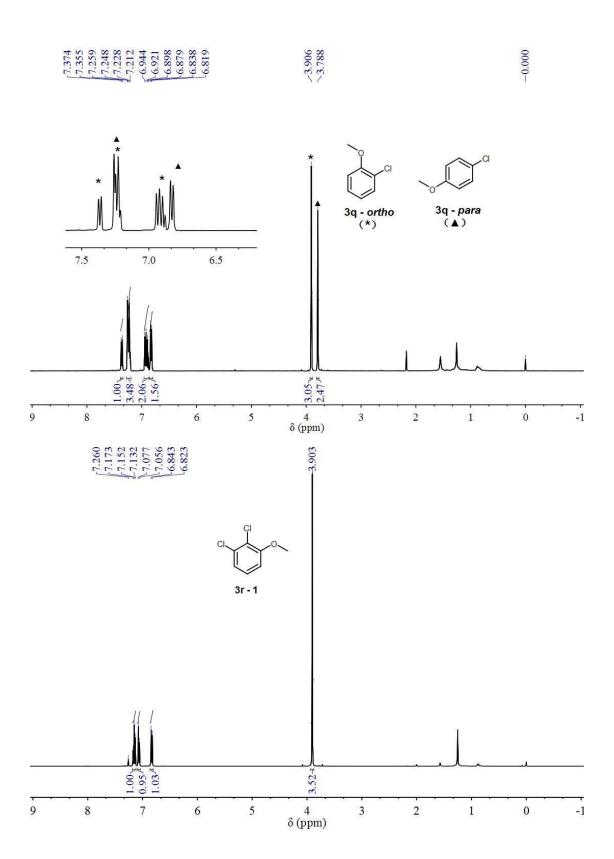
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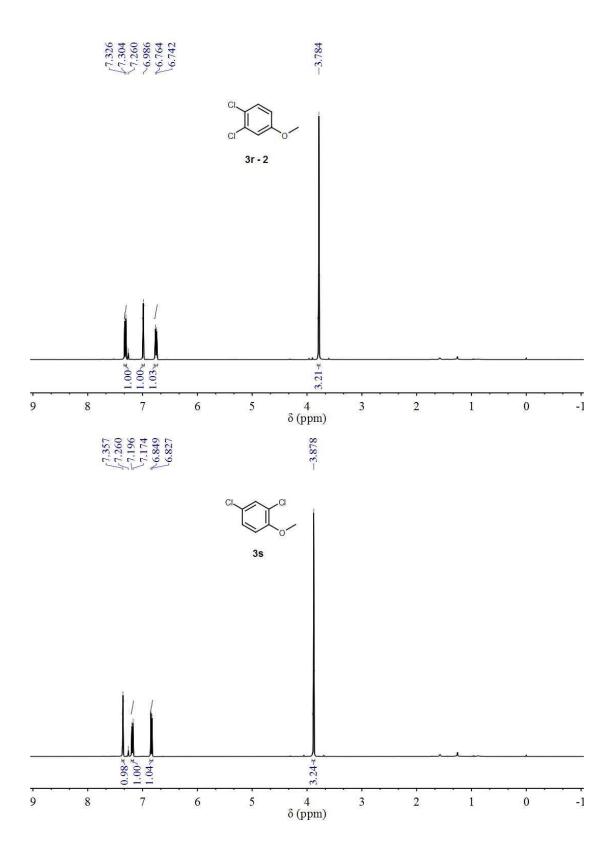
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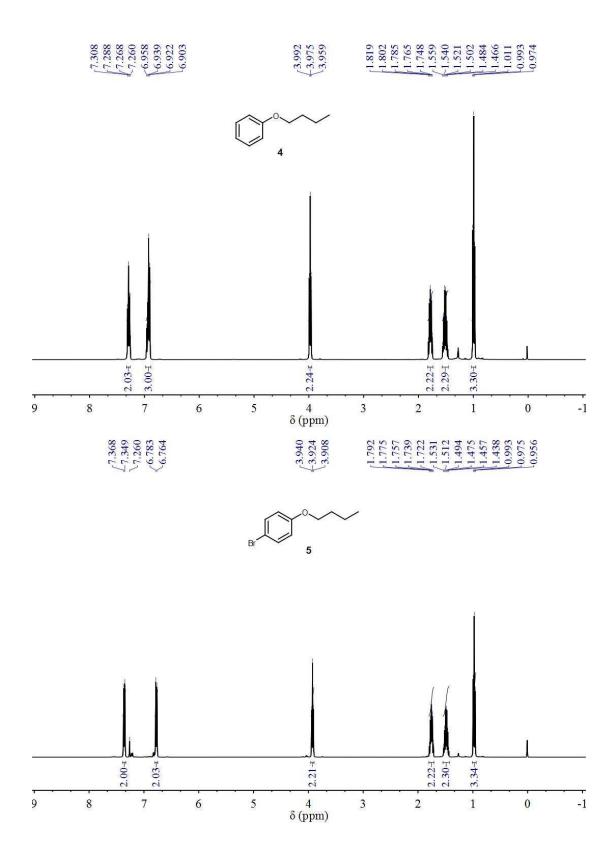
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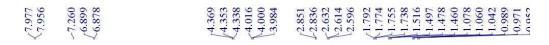


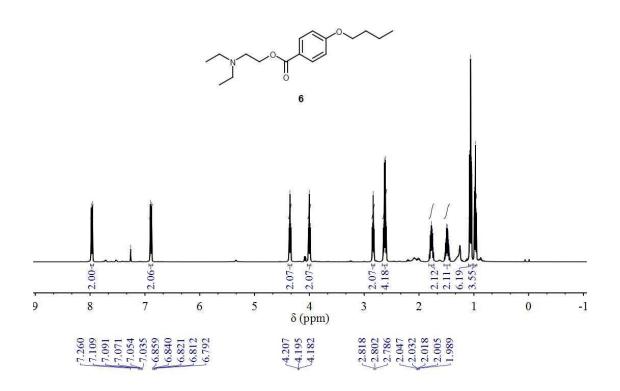




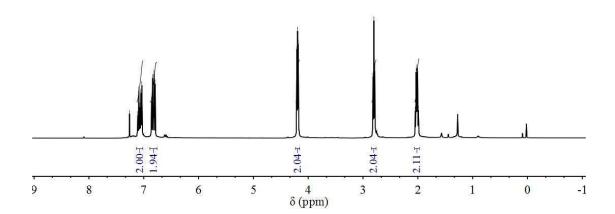


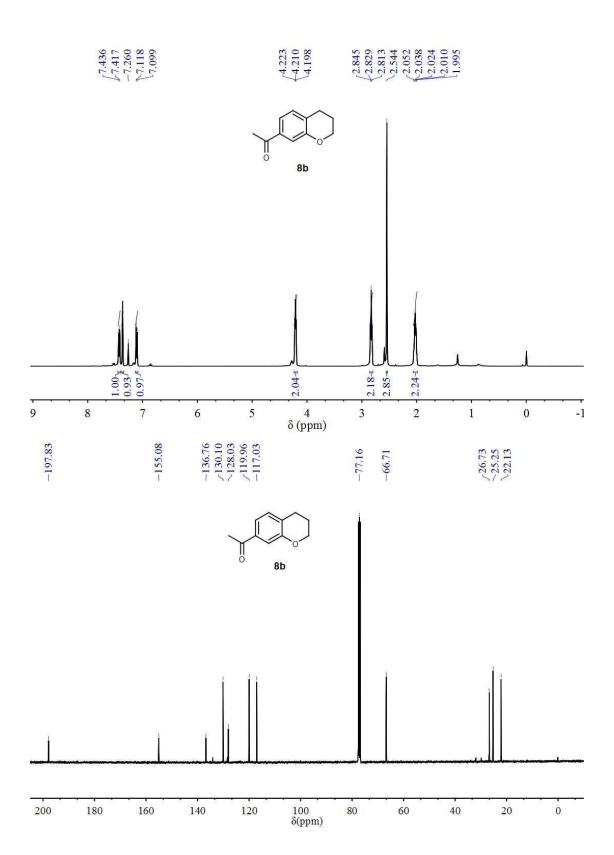


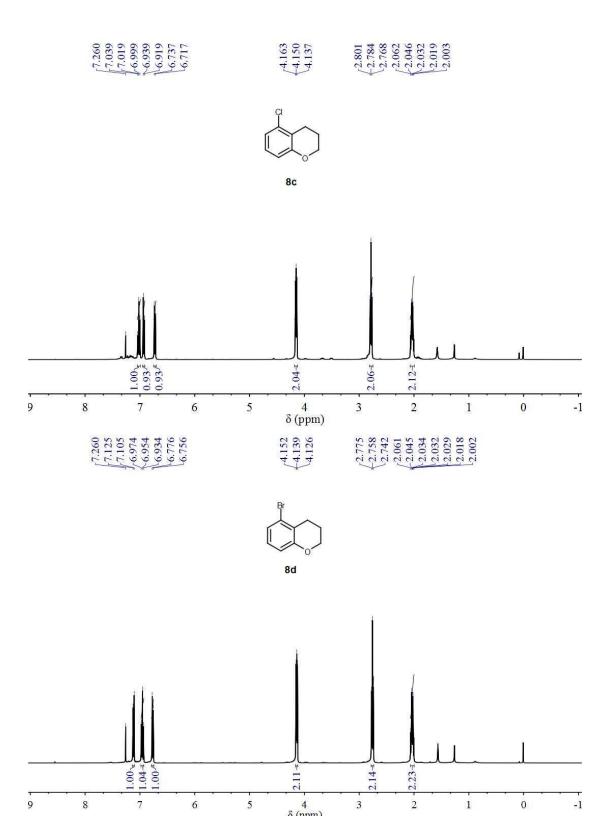












δ (ppm)

-1



