

Conversion of isobutylene to octane-booster compounds after MTBE phaseout:

The role of heterogeneous catalysis

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Table S1. Dimerization, trimerization, and oligomerization of isobutylene over different catalysts.

Method	Phase	Temp [°C]	Time [h]	X [%]	Sel [%]	Catalyst	Modification	Ref.
Dimerization	G	25	-	0.7	0.98	Ni-Y zeolite	Modified over $\text{NiCO}_3\text{--}2\text{Ni(OH)}_2\cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$	1
Dimerization	L	50 – 100	1 – 4	91 – 100	46 – 66	Indion-125 resin	Macroporous acidic catalysts	2
Dimerization	L	50 – 100	1 – 4	78 – 98	53 – 60	Indion-130 resin	Macroporous acidic catalysts	2
Trimerization	-	60	16	69	10	Nickel	Aluminum alkyl-treated nickel (1.5 mol%)	3
Trimerization	L	40 – 100	Up to 25	100	~ 60	Beta (25) zeolite	Dehydration at 300 °C for 10 h using N_2	4
Trimerization	L	40 – 100	Up to 25	100 – 90	~ 40	USY zeolite	Dehydration at 300 °C for 10 h using N_2	4
Trimerization	L	40 – 100	Up to 25	90 – 20	~ 10	Mordenite zeolite	Dehydration at 300 °C for 10 h using N_2	4
Trimerization	L	40 – 100	1 – 11	60 – 40	~ 15	ZSM-5 zeolite	Calcination at 550 °C for 8 h to form a proton	5
Trimerization	L	40 – 100	1 – 12	90 – 20	10	Mordenite zeolite	Dehydration at 300 °C for 10 h using N_2	5
Trimerization	L	30 – 110	10	< 5	36	Amberlyst 31 resin	Ion exchanged over ethanol to remove water	6
Trimerization	L	30 – 110	10	90	64	Amberlyst 15 resin	Ion exchanged over ethanol to remove water	6
Trimerization	L	30 – 110	10	71	50	Amberlyst DT resin	Ion exchanged over ethanol to remove water	6
Trimerization	L	30 – 110	10	70	16	Mordenite zeolite	Calcination at 550 °C for 8 h to form a proton	6
Trimerization	-	140	-	100	54	Sulfated titania	Synthesized over titanium alkoxide	7
Trimerization	-	40 – 100	-	85.6	40	Amberlyst 15 resin	SO_3H as a functional structure	8
Trimerization	G – L	50 – 110	2	> 90	80	Amberlyst 15 resin	Cleaning using acetone for 70 h	9
Oligomerization	-	140	-	100	39	Sulfated titania	Synthesized over titanium alkoxide	7
Oligomerization	L	40	< 4	70	-	Amberlyst 15 resin	Heating at 107 °C for 75 min to remove water	10
Oligomerization	L	40	< 2	< 10	-	Dowex 50 WX8	Heating at 107 °C for 75 min to remove water	10
Oligomerization	L	40	< 5	60 – 95	-	β , Y, ZSM-5 zeolites	Calcination in dry air to the H-form at 500 °C	10
Oligomerization	-	40 – 100	-	85.6	5.8	Amberlyst 15 resin	SO_3H as a functional structure	8

L = liquid; G = gas; X = Conversion; Sel = Selectivity.

Table S2. Dimerization of isobutylene to isooctene over different catalysts.

Catalyst	System	Selectivity enhancer	Solvent	Temp [°C]	Pressure [atm]	Time [h]	Conversion and Selectivity [%]	Ref.
Tulsion T-63	Continuous RD	-	Isooctane	-	-	-	X = 73; S = 93	11
Beta – 10 zeolite	-	-	-	-	-	-	X = 87; S = 60	12
Beta – 50 zeolite	-	-	-	-	-	-	X = 96; S = 58	12
Beta – 150 zeolite	-	-	-	-	-	-	X = 96; S = 55	12
Amberlyst 35	CSTR	TBA	Isopentane	70 – 110	15 – 18	-	X = 30 – 70; S = 95	13
Amberlite IR-118	FBR and BR	-	Organic	60	6 – 7	1 – 4	X = < 20; S = > 90	14
ZSM-5 zeolite	FBR and BR	-	Organic	70	6 – 7	1 – 6	X = 1.3; S = 90	14
Y zeolite (CBV 760)	FBR and BR	-	Organic	70	6 – 7	1 – 6	X = 48.4; S = 60	14
Amberlyst 15	BR	-	Organic	60	6 – 7	5	X = 90; S = ~ 60	14
Ion exchange resin	CSTR	MeOH and TBA	Isopentane	60 – 100	14.8	-	X = 53 – 89; S = 48 – 86	15
Amberlyst 15	-	TBA	C ₃ -C ₄ alkanes	10 – 100	3 – 34	-	S = 90	16
Amberlyst 35	-	Methanol, ethanol, and isopropanol	-	40 – 50	-	3	X = 40 – 75; S = 79 – 95	8
Amberlyst 15	TR	Methanol	-	72 – 74	-	-	X = 79 – 88; S = 79 – 93	17

Note : S = selectivity; X = conversion; TBA = *tert*-butyl alcohol; MeOH = methanol; MTBE = methyl *tert*-butyl ether; CBV-760 = zeolite H-sdusy powder; RD = reactive distillation; FBR = Fixed bed reactor; BR = batch reactor; CSTR = continuous stirred tank reactor; TR = tubular reactor.

Table S3. Physical properties of catalysts used in dimerization of isobutylene^{96-98, 118, 124, 126, 128, 130, 135-138}.

Properties	ZSM-5-Z	Mor-Z	β -Z	FER-Z	A-16	A-35	P-CT 175
cross-linking (%)	-	-	-	-	M	H	H
exchange capacity (eq H ⁺ /kg)	-	-	-	-	4.8	5.3	4.98
porosity (cm ³ /g)	-	-	-	-	-	0.35	-
specific surface area (m ² /g)	402 – 418	500	650	400	30 – 149	44 – 166	157
pore diameter (nm)	-	3.62	8.75	50–150	25 – 30	30 – 33	66
temperature stability (°C)	-	-	-	-	130	150	145
particle size (mm)	-	-	-	-	0.6 – 0.8	0.51 – 1.25	0.94
acidity (mequiv H ⁺ /g.dry)	-	0.82	0.37	-	-	5.32	4.98
Si/Al ratio	140 – 230	45	9–75	10 – 27	-	-	-
Na ₂ O (%)	0.03 – 0.05	-	-	-	-	-	-
moisture content (%)	-	-	-	-	-	55.4	-
apparent density (g/cm ³)	-	-	-	-	-	0.82	-
pore volume (cm ³ /g)	-	0.01	0.89	0.14	0.013	0.21	0.5 – 0.8

Z = zeolite; A = amberlyst; P = purolite; Mor = mordenite; FER = ferrierite; β = beta; H = high; M = medium.

Table S5. Dimerization over zeolite based catalysts.

Zeolite	Topology	MR	D	Si/Al	Phase	Surface area [m ² /g]	Solvent	Temp [°C]	Time [h]	Results [%]	Ref.
NH ₄ -ZSM-5	MFI	10	3	16 – 17	-	358	-	150 – 450	2	AE = 48.3 – 267 kJ/mol	18
ZSM-5	MFI	10	3	23.8	Gas-Liquid	370	Propane and CO ₂	100	120 – 200	X = 32 – 56	19
ZSM-23	MTT	10	1	19.7	Gas-Liquid	110	Propane and CO ₂	100	120 – 200	X = 32 – 56	19
MSU-S/S _{BEA}	BEA	12	3	45	Gas	529	-	60	30	X = 51 – 32; S = 70 – 79	20
Al-USY	FAU	12	3	30	Liquid	745	<i>n</i> -butane	70	20	X = 99.2; S = 21	21
HY	FAU	12	3	1.4	Liquid	722	<i>n</i> -butane	70	6	X = 83.1; S = 32.5	22
HY-500	FAU	12	3	1.4	Liquid	660	<i>n</i> -butane	70	6	X = 91; S = 26.3	22
HY-600	FAU	12	3	1.4	Liquid	617	<i>n</i> -butane	70	6	X = 98.4; S = 16	22
USY	FAU	12	3	30	Liquid	720	<i>n</i> -butane	40 – 100	Up to 25	X = 100 – 90; S = > 30	4
Beta-25	BEA	12	3	12.5	Liquid	680	<i>n</i> -butane	40 – 100	Up to 25	X = 100; S = ~ 10	4
Ferrierite	FER	10	2	10	Liquid	400	<i>n</i> -butane	40 – 100	1 – 12	X = 100; S = ~ 10	5
Ni-Y	FAU	12	3	2.6	Gas	404	-	25	-	X = 0.7; S = 0.98	1
Ni-Beta	BEA	12	3	75	Gas	438	-	25	-	-	1
Ni-mordenite	MOR	12	1	45	Gas	394	-	25	-	-	1
ZSM-5	MFI	10	3	15 – 25	Liquid	-	<i>n</i> -butane	30 – 70	Up to 2	X = 64 – 0	10
Mordenite	MOR	12	1	-	Liquid	-	<i>n</i> -butane	30 – 70	Up to 2	X = 68 – 0	10
Mordenite	MOR	12	1	-	Liquid	500	<i>n</i> -pentane	40 – 140	-	S = 90; r = first order	23
H-Y	FAU	12	3	-	Liquid	-	<i>n</i> -butane	30 – 70	Up to 5	X = 94 – < 10	10
Mordenite	MOR	12	1	12.5	Liquid	500	<i>n</i> -butane	40 – 100	1 – 12	X = 90 – 20; S = ~ 90	5
Beta	BEA	12	3	-	Liquid	-	<i>n</i> -butane	30 – 70	Up to 5	X = 88 – < 10	10

MR = member ring; D = dimension; AE = activation energy; X = conversion; S = selectivity; MSU-S/S_{BEA} = non-meso structured aluminosilicates of beta seed; r = the reaction order.

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