Gold(III) Salen Complex-Catalyzed Synthesis of Propargylamines via a Three-Component Coupling Reaction

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Supporting Information

Table of Contents

General Procedure for Synthesis of Gold(III) Salen Complexes 1a-e	S2	
General Procedure for Gold(III) Salen Complex-Catalyzed Three-component		
Coupling Reaction		
General Procedure for Synthesis of Artemisinin Derivatives 5-7	S2	
Cytotoxicity Studies (MTT Assay)	S 3	
Literature References of 1a, 1c, [Au(TPP)Cl], (S)-Ethyl Prolinoate and Artemisinin	S4	
Aldehyde 4		
Literature References of Propargylamines 2a-c, 2f	S5	
Characterization Data of Gold(III) Salen Complex 1b, 1d-e		
Characterization Data pf Propargylamines 2d-e', 2g-i	S7-9	
Characterization Data of Artemisinin Derivatives 5-7	S10-13	
¹ H NMR Spectra of Diastereomeric Mixtures of Propargylamines 2e-g , 2i		
¹ H NMR Spectra of 1b , 1d-e , 2d-e ', 2g-i , 5-7	S16-30	
¹³ C NMR Spectra of 2d-e' , 2g-i , 5-7	S31-42	

General Procedure for Synthesis of Gold(III) Salen Complexes 1a-e

To a suspension of KAuCl₄ (0.2 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) was added a solution of NH₄PF₆ (1.3 mmol) in EtOH (10 mL). After dropwise addition of a solution of salen ligand (1 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL), the reaction mixture was refluxed for 20 min. After cooling, diethyl ether or hexane was added to the reaction mixture to induce precipitation. The precipitate was collected and washed with chloroform. The solid collected was then dissolved in CH₃CN and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to give gold(III) salen complexes **1a-e**.

General Procedure for Gold(III) Salen Complex-Catalyzed Three-Component Coupling Reaction

A mixture of **1a** (0.02 mmol), aldehyde (2.0 mmol), amine (2.2 mmol) and alkyne (3.0 mmol) in water (1 mL) were stirred at 40 $^{\circ}$ C for 24 h in the absence of light under N₂ atmosphere. The reaction mixture was extracted with diethyl ether (3 × 15 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel using ethyl acetate-hexane as eluent.

General Procedure for Synthesis of Artemisinin Derivatives 5-7

A mixture of **1a** (0.005 mmol), aldehyde **4** (0.1 mmol), amine (0.22 mmol) and alkyne (0.3 mmol) in water (1 mL) were stirred at 40 $^{\circ}$ C for 24 h in the absence of light under N₂ atmosphere. The reaction mixture was extracted with diethyl ether (3 × 15 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel using ethyl acetate-hexane as eluent.

Cytotoxicity Studies (MTT Assay)

Human hepatocellular carcinoma (HepG2) was maintained in a minimum essential medium with Earle's balanced salts (MEM). All the media were supplemented with 2 mM L-glutamine and 10% fetal boviene serum. Penicillin (100 U/mL) and Streptomycin (100 μ g/mL) were added to all media. Cultures were incubated at 37 °C in a 5% CO₂/95% air humidified atmosphere.

Assays on the cytotoxic effects were conducted in 96-well flat-bottomed microtitre plates. The supplemented culture medium (100 μ L) with cells (4 ×10⁴ cells/ mL) was added into each well and was incubated (37 °C, 5% CO₂/ 95% air) for 24 h. All the media were then removed and fresh supplemented medium (100 µL) was added into each well. Compounds 5-7 dissolved in the culture medium (100 μ L + < 1 % ethanol) were added into a set of wells. After mixing, the samplecontaining media (100 μ L) were drawn and added to another set of wells. Such processes were repeated to provide a set of two-fold dilution series. Controlled wells only contained 100 μ L of supplemented media. Microtitre plates were incubated at 37 °C in a 5% CO₂/ 95% air humidified atmosphere for further 6 days. All the cytotoxicity assays were run in parallel with a negative control (i.e., untreated population). Assessment of the cytotoxicity was carried out using a modified method of Mosmann based 3-(4, 5-Dimethylthiazol-2-yl)-2, 5-diphenyltetrazolium bromide (MTT) Assay [Mosmann, T. J. Immunol. Methods 1983, 65, 55 – 63.]. At the end of each incubation period, $10 \mu L$ of the MTT solution (Cell Proliferation Kit I, Roche) were added into each well and the cultures were further incubated for 4 h at 37 °C in a 5% $CO_2/95\%$ air humidified atmosphere. Then 100 μ L of the solubilization solution was added into the wells to lyse the cells and solubilize the formazan complex formed. The microtitre plates were maintained in a dark and humidified chamber overnight. The formation of formazan was measured with a microtitre plate reader at 550 nm, and the percentages of cell survival were determined. The cytotoxicity was evaluated based on the percentage cell survival in a dose-dependence manner relative to the negative control.

Literature References of 1a, 1c, [Au(TPP)Cl], (S)-Ethyl Prolinoate and Artemisinin

Aldehyde 4

Au O CIT	 a) Barnholtz, S. L. et. al., <i>Inorg. Chem.</i> 2001, 40, 972. b) Sun, R. W. Y. et. al., <i>ChemBioChem.</i> 2004, 5, 1293.
+ CI CI	Banerjee, K. et. al., Indian J. of Chem, Section A 1984, 23A, 555.
Ph + Cl - Ph Cl - [Au(TPP)Cl]	 a) Sun, R. W. Y. et. al., <i>Chem. Commun.</i> 2003, 1718. b) Sun, R. W. Y. et. al., <i>ChemBioChem.</i> 2004, 5, 1293.
COOEt H (S)-Ethyl Prolinoate	Federsel, H. J. et. al., J. Org. Chem. 1990, 55, 2254.
4 CHO	Liu, L. et. al., Org. Lett. 2005, 7, 1561.

Literature References of Propargylamines 2a-c, 2f

N Ph 2a Ph	 a) Wei, C. et. al., J. Am. Chem. Soc. 2003, 125, 9584. b) Wei. C. et. al., Org. Lett. 2003, 5, 4473. c) Shi, L. et. al., Org. Lett. 2004, 6, 1001.
2b Ph	 a) Wei, C. et. al., Org. Lett. 2003, 5, 4473. b) Li, Z., et. al., Tetrahedron Lett. 2004, 45, 2443.
N 2c Ph	Wei, C. et. al., Org. Lett. 2003, 5, 4473.
OMe Phull H 2f	Gommermann, N. et. al., Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2003, 42, 5763.

Characterization Data of Gold(III) Salen Complex 1b, 1d-e

1b

Brownish yellow solid; 1 H NMR (300 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 8.45 (s, 2H), 6.99-6.92 (m, 4H), 6.79-6.71(t, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 4.10-4.03 (q, J = 7.0 Hz, 4H), 3.93 (s, 4H), 1.41-1.36 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 6H); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1633, 1496, 1454; FAB-MS m/z 551 (M⁺).

Orange solid; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 8.35 (s, 2H), 7.94-7.93 (d, J = 2.6 Hz, 2H), 7.81-7.80 (d, J = 2.6 Hz, 2H), 4.07-4.05 (m, 2H), 2.83-2.79 (m, 2H), 1.88-1.86 (m, 2H), 1.60-1.45 (m, 2H); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1628, 1593, 1435, 1321; FAB-MS m/z 655 (M⁺).

Orange solid, ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CD₃CN) δ 8.36 (s, 2H), 7.65-7.62 (m, 4H), 6.97-6.92 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 3.99-3.96 (m, 2H), 2.84-2.80 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 2H), 2.38 (s, 6H), 1.90-1.80 (m, 2H), 1.53-1.47 (t, J = 9.9 Hz, 2H); IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1602, 1552, 1313; FAB-MS m/z 545 (M⁺).

Characterization Data of Propargylamines 2d – 2e, 2g – 2i

N TMS

Colorless oil; analytical TLC (silica gel 60) (10% EtOAc in hexane), $R_f = 0.51$; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.89-2.86 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 2.55-2.47 (m, 2H), 2.30-2.26 (m, 2H), 2.03-1.94 (m, 2H), 1.75-1.39 (m, 11H), 1.23-1.14 (m, 2H), 1.00-0.84 (m, 2H), 0.18 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 104.12, 89.77, 64.59, 50.55, 39.30, 31.15, 30.37, 29.72, 26.82, 26.27, 26.24, 26.10, 24.74, 0.42; IR (KBr, neat, cm⁻¹) 2158; EIMS m/z 277 (M⁺); HRMS (EI) for $C_{17}H_{31}NSi$, calcd 277.2226, found 277.2221.

Yellow oil; analytical TLC (silica gel 60) (10% EtOAc in hexane), $R_f = 0.29$; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.70-7.68 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.53-7.50 (m, 2H), 7.38-7.25 (m, 6H), 5.27 (s, 1H), 4.32-4.18 (m, 2H), 3.78-3.73 (dd, J = 9.0, 6.9 Hz, 1H), 2.79-2.66 (m, 2H), 2.25-1.99 (m, 2H), 1.82-1.74 (m, 2H), 1.34-1.29 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 174.10, 139.11, 131.88, 128.36, 128.32, 128.29, 128.24, 127.59, 123.06, 87.98, 85.32, 63.25, 60.72, 57.30, 47.37, 29.33, 23.24, 14.37; IR (KBr, neat, cm⁻¹) 2361, 1741; EIMS m/z 333 (M⁺); HRMS (EI) for C₂₂H₂₃NO₂, calcd 333.1729, found 333.1742.

Yellow oil; analytical TLC (silica gel 60) (10% EtOAc in hexane), $R_f = 0.15$; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.60-7.58 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.51-7.48 (m, 2H), 7.35-7.27 (m, 6H), 5.12 (s, 1H), 3.82-3.74 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.61-3.57 (dd, J = 9.3, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 3.34-3.30 (td, J = 8.4, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 3.04-2.96 (m, 1H), 2.16-1.91 (m, 2H), 1.89-1.83 (m, 2H), 1.05-1.01 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 174.75, 138.14, 131.86, 128.87, 128.44, 128.36, 128.35, 128.31, 128.28, 128.14, 127.88, 122.98, 87.12, 86.37, 60.85, 60.31, 58.54, 53.03, 30.89, 29.71, 24.07, 14.12; IR (KBr, neat, cm⁻¹) 2361, 1741; EIMS m/z 333 (M⁺); HRMS (EI) for $C_{22}H_{23}NO_2$, calcd 333.1729, found 333.1742.

Pale yellow oil; analytical TLC (silica gel 60) (30% EtOAc in hexane), $R_f = 0.24$; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.61-7.59 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.53-7.48 (m, 2H), 7.40-7.30 (m, 6H), 5.12 (s, 1H), 3.86-3.81 (dd, J = 10.9, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 3.56-3.51 (dd, J = 10.9, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 3.31-3.27 (m, 1H), 2.86-2.77 (dd, J = 9.2, 7.3 Hz, 1H), 2.66-2.59 (td, J = 8.0, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 1.97-1.92 (m, 1H), 1.87-1.75 (m, 1H), 1.73-1.66 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 139.18, 131.85, 128.46, 128.40, 128.37, 128.34, 128.31, 128.09, 127.62, 122.99, 87.83, 85.37, 61.83, 61.75, 56.25, 47.90, 28.04, 23.60; IR (KBr, neat, cm⁻¹) 3436, 2361, 2341; EIMS m/z 291 (M⁺); HRMS (EI) for C₂₀H₂₁NO, calcd 291.1623, found 291.1617.

Yellow oil; analytical TLC (silica gel 60) (30% EtOAc in hexane), $R_f = 0.56$; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.43-7.40 (m, 2H), 7.30-7.28 (m, 3H), 3.68-3.63 (dd, J = 10.9, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 3.42-3.38 (dd, J = 10.8, 3.0 Hz, 2H), 3.13-3.08 (m, 1H), 2.91-2.81 (m, 2H), 2.16-2.05 (m, 2H), 1.92-1.51 (m, 8H), 1.36-1.87 (m, 4H), 1.08-0.87 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 131.74, 128.09, 127.95, 123.33, 87.23, 86.00, 61.97, 61.26, 56.59, 47.18, 41.21, 31.43, 30.29, 27.78, 26.60, 26.08, 25.94, 23.98; IR (KBr, neat, cm⁻¹) 3449, 2361; EIMS m/z 266 (M⁺-CH₂OH); HRMS (EI) for C₁₉H₂₄N, calcd 266.1909, found 266.1908.

Pale ²ⁱ yellow oil; analytical TLC (silica gel 60) (10% EtOAc in hexane), $R_f = 0.39$; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.86-7.83 (dd, J = 8.4, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 7.64-7.61 (dd, J = 8.3, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 7.57-7.54 (m, 2H), 7.40-7.37 (m, 3H), 7.32-7.29 (m, 6H), 7.26-7.21 (m, 3H), 7.20-7.12 (m, 2H), 4.69 (s, 1H), 4.52-4.49 (q, J = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.27 (s, 1H), 2.98-2.89 (td, J = 9.1, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 1.98-1.82 (m, 1H), 1.81-1.60 (m, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 147.98, 146.53, 139.19, 131.89, 128.74, 128.43, 128.40, 128.32, 128.12, 128.11, 127.99, 127.90, 127.44, 127.02, 126.68, 126.28, 125.49, 125.46, 123.16, 87.58, 85.83, 77.89, 68.10, 57.90, 49.48. 30.92, 29.89, 24.26; IR (KBr, neat, cm⁻¹) 3391, 2360; FAB-MS m/z 444 (M⁺+H)

Characterization Data of Artemisinin Derivatives 5-7

Pale yellow oil; analytical TLC (silica gel 60) (40% EtOAc in hexane), $R_f = 0.34$; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.44-7.41 (m, 2H), 7.32-7.28 (m, 3H), 5.23 (s, 1H), 4.04-3.99 (dd, J = 10.9, 3.8 Hz, 1H), 3.71-3.63 (td, J = 10.1, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 2.71-2.64 (m, 2H), 2.59-2.56 (m, 2H), 2.37-2.30 (m, 2H), 2.03-1.92 (m, 2H), 1.89-1.84 (m, 2H), 1.69-1.20 (m, 13H), 1.40 (s, 3H), 0.95-0.93 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 3H), 0.83-0.81 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.09-0.85 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 131.76, 128.22, 127.76, 123.72, 103.99, 92.11, 88.09, 85.92, 80.78, 71.85, 54.84, 52.07, 50.73, 46.36, 37.32, 37.10, 36.42, 34.22, 32.32, 30.36, 29.71, 26.20, 26.01, 24.81, 24.56, 21.48, 20.33, 14.10; IR (KBr, neat, cm⁻¹) 2361; EIMS m/z 479 (M⁺); HRMS (EI) for C₃₀H₄₁NO₄, calcd 479.3036, found 479.3046.

Pale yellow oil; analytical TLC (silica gel 60) (40 % EA in hexane), $R_f = 0.48$; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.44-7.41 (m, 2H), 7.28-7.26 (m, 3H), 5.24 (s, 1H), 3.97-3.92 (dd, J = 9.3, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 3.76-3.69 (td, J = 10.1, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 2.62-2.58 (m, 2H), 2.48-2.35 (m, 4H), 2.06-1.98 (m, 2H), 1.90-1.71 (m, 2H), 1.69-1.08 (m, 13H), 1.41 (s, 3H), 0.97-0.95 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 3H), 0.84-0.81 (d, J = 7.1

Hz, 3H), 1.07-0.88 (m, 1H); 13 C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 131.71, 128.16, 127.62, 103.94, 92.11, 80.92, 70.95, 53.68, 52.09, 50.32, 46.41, 37.35, 36.43, 34.27, 36.43, 34.27, 31.93, 31.76, 30.33, 29.94, 29.71, 29.37, 26.30, 26.15, 24.83, 24.67, 22.70, 21.45, 20.34, 14.12, 14.04; IR (KBr, neat, cm⁻¹) 2360; EIMS m/z 479 (M⁺); HRMS (EI) for C₃₀H₄₁NO₄, calcd 479.3036, found 479.3056.

Pale yellow oil; analytical TLC (silica gel 60) (50 % EA in hexane), $R_f = 0.32$; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.42-7.39 (m, 2H), 7.30-7.28 (m, 3H), 5.23 (s, 1H), 4.36-4.33 (dd, J = 10.6, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 3.69-3.63 (td, J = 11.0, 3.4 Hz, 2H), 3.39-3.35 (dd, J = 11.0, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 3.14-3.08 (m, 1H), 2.94-2.84 (m, 2H), 2.38-2.26 (m, 3H), 2.03-1.73 (m, 6H), 1.72-1.61 (m, 3H), 1.55-1.51 (m, 2H), 1.49-1.44 (m, 1H), 1.42 (s, 3H), 1.40-1.32 (m, 1H), 1.27-1.21 (m, 2H), 1.04-0.97 (m, 1H), 0.95-0.94 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 3H), 0.83-0.81 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 131.71, 128.22, 127.82, 123.43, 104.14, 92.21, 88.65, 84.61, 80.84, 70.30, 64.36, 62.14, 52.04, 48.99, 47.27, 46.17, 37.81, 37.22, 36.29, 34.17, 32.46, 27.72, 26.04, 24.67, 24.24, 21.54, 20.30, 13.75; IR (KBr, neat, cm⁻¹) 3468, 2361, 2341, 2245, 1641; EIMS m/z 495 (M⁺); HRMS (EI) for C₃₀H₄₁NO₅, calcd 495.2985, found 495.2990.

Pale yellow oil; analytical TLC (silica gel 60) (50 % EA in hexane), $R_f = 0.05$; ¹H NMR (300MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.42-7.39 (m, 2H), 7.32-7.29 (m, 3H), 4.24-4.19 (m, 1H), 3.72-3.63 (m, 1H), 3.58-3.53 (dd, J = 10.4, 4.36 Hz, 1H), 3.40-3.29 (m, 2H), 3.19-3.13 (m, 1H), 2.96-2.88 (m, 1H), 2.42-2.27 (m, 2H), 2.04-1.21 (m, 18H), 1.42 (s, 3H), 0.96-0.94 (d, J = 6.18Hz, 3H), 0.83-0.81 (d, J = 7.16 Hz, 3H), 1.07-0.86 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 131.71, 128.31, 127.97, 123.45, 104.08, 92.27, 89.27, 80.88, 77.46, 72.02, 65.38, 59.73, 54.16, 52.52, 52.11, 46.29, 38.76, 37.35, 36.41, 34.20, 32.46, 30.12, 29.72, 26.07, 24.77, 21.55, 20.33, 14.07; IR (KBr, neat, cm⁻¹) 3437, 2360, 2341; EIMS m/z 464 (M-CH₂OH).

Colorless oil; analytical TLC (silica gel 60) (50 % EA in hexane), $R_f = 0.40$; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.20 (s, 1H), 4.10-4.05 (m, 1H), 3.64-3.56 (m, 2H), 3.34-3.30 (dd, J = 10.9, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 3.03-2.97 (m, 1H), 2.82-2.74 (m, 2H), 2.37-2.26 (m, 2H), 2.20-2.16 (td, J = 6.9, 1.9 Hz, 2H), 2.02-1.96 (m, 1H), 1.87-1.55 (m, 1H), 1.52-1.45 (m, 10H), 1.44 (s, 3H), 1.38-1.32 (m, 2H), 1.28-1.18 (m, 11H), 1.06-0.99 (td, J = 12.5, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 0.94-0.93 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 3H), 0.90-0.87 (t, J = 6.9 Hz,

3H), 0.79-0.78 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 104.08, 92.17, 84.52, 80.85, 78.55, 70.34, 64.15, 61.88, 52.07, 48.37, 46.93, 46.21, 38.16, 37.21, 36.31, 34.20, 32.42, 31.84, 29.24, 29.13, 29.10, 28.81, 27.72, 26.04, 24.67, 24.16, 22.66, 21.54, 20.29, 18.63, 14.10, 13.74; IR (KBr, neat, cm⁻¹) 3452, 2361, 1641; EIMS m/z 500 (M⁺ - CH₂OH); HRMS (EI) for C₃₁H₄₉NO₄, calcd 500.3740, found 500.3752.

Colorless oil; analytical TLC (silica gel 60) (50 % EA in hexane) $R_f = 0.10$; ¹H NMR δ 5.20 (s, 1H), 3.98-3.93 (m, 1H), 3.64-3.57 (td, J = 9.7, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.54-3.49 (m, 1H), 3.36-3.31 (dd, J = 10.5, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 2.23-3.19 (m, 1H), 3.08-3.04 (m, 1H), 2.86-2.77 (m, 2H), 2.31-2.25 (m, 2H), 2.22-2.17 (m, 2H), 2.05-1.67 (m, 10H), 1.50-1.47 (m, 4H), 1.46 (s, 3H), 1.33-1.21 (m, 10H), 1.09-1.00 (m, 1H), 0.96-0.94 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 3H), 0.90-0.86 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H), 0.80-0.78 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 103.99, 92.21, 84.77, 80.87, 72.00, 65.34, 59.34, 52.08, 46.28, 38.75, 37.36, 36.38, 34.21, 32.34, 31.93, 30.20, 29.70, 29.25, 29.11, 28.86, 26.06, 24.69, 22.69, 21.54, 22.69, 21.54, 20.33, 18.70, 14.11; IR (KBr, neat, cm⁻¹) 3439, 2352; EIMS m/z 531 (M⁺).

¹H NMR Spectra of Diastereomeric Mixtures of 2e-g, 2i

Table 2, entry 5

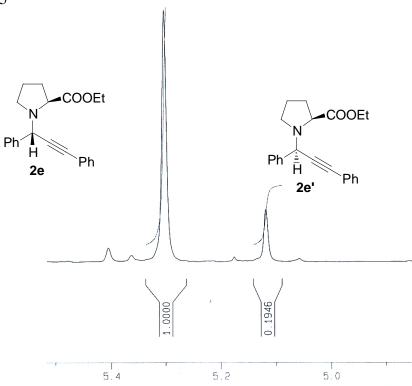


Table 2, entry 6

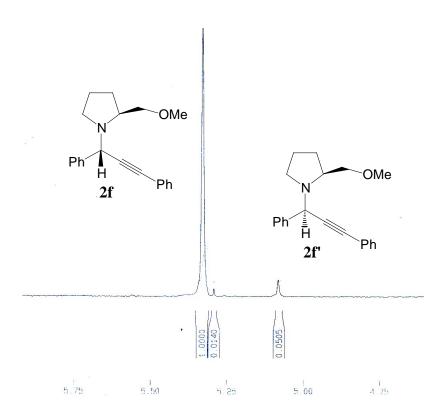


Table 2, entry 7

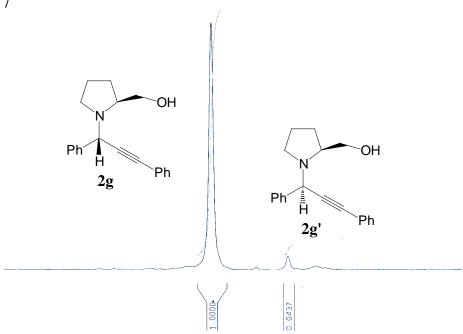


Table 2, entry 9

