# Supporting information

### Metal-free Markovnikov-type alkyne hydration under mild conditions Wenbo Liu, Haining Wang and Chao-Jun Li\*

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#### 1: General information

Solvents and reagents were purchased from Sigma-Aldrich chemical company and Fisher scientific, and were used without further purification unless otherwise specified. Distilled water was used directly without further purification. <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra were recorded on Varian or Bruker 400 MHz, or 500 MHz spectrometers and <sup>19</sup>F NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker 400 MHz spectrometer. All signals are reported in ppm with the internal reference of 7.26 ppm or 77.0 ppm for chloroform as the reference. Data are reported as follows: multiplicity (s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, m = multiplet, dd = doublet of doublet), coupling constant (*J/*Hz) and integration. All NMR spectra were recorded at room temperature (23°C) unless otherwise indicated. All reactions are stirred magnetically unless otherwise specified. All flash preparative chromatography separations were performed by using gradient elution (hexanes and ethyl acetate) of the Still protocol. All the calculations were carried out at the B3LYP/6-31G+(d) level, using the Gaussian 09 rev. D.01 suite of programs. Harmonic frequencies were calculated at the same level to characterize the stationary points and to determine the zero-point energies (ZPE).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Gaussian 09, Revision D.01,

M. J. Frisch, G. W. Trucks, H. B. Schlegel, G. E. Scuseria, M. A. Robb, J. R. Cheeseman, G. Scalmani, V. Barone, B. Mennucci, G. A. Petersson, H. Nakatsuji, M. Caricato, X. Li, H. P. Hratchian, A. F. Izmaylov, J. Bloino, G. Zheng, J. L. Sonnenberg, M. Hada, M. Ehara, K. Toyota, R. Fukuda, J. Hasegawa, M. Ishida, T. Nakajima, Y. Honda, O. Kitao, H. Nakai, T. Vreven, J. A. Montgomery, Jr., J. E. Peralta, F. Ogliaro, M. Bearpark, J. J. Heyd, E. Brothers, K. N. Kudin, V. N. Staroverov, T. Keith, R. Kobayashi, J. Normand, K. Raghavachari, A. Rendell, J. C. Burant, S. S. Iyengar, J. Tomasi, M. Cossi, N. Rega, J. M. Millam, M. Klene, J. E. Knox, J. B. Cross, V. Bakken, C. Adamo, J. Jaramillo, R. Gomperts, R. E. Stratmann, O. Yazyev, A. J. Austin, R. Cammi, C. Pomelli, J. W. Ochterski, R. L. Martin, K. Morokuma, V. G. Zakrzewski, G. A. Voth, P. Salvador, J. J. Dannenberg, S. Dapprich, A. D. Daniels, O. Farkas, J. B. Foresman, J. V. Ortiz, J. Cioslowski, and D. J. Fox, Gaussian, Inc., Wallingford CT, 2013.

#### 2: General procedure

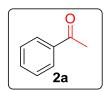
**Procedure A**: To a 10 mL U-shape tube were added into the alkyne (0.2 mmol),  $H_2O$  (8  $\mu$ L, 0.4 mmol, 2 equiv),  $CF_3SO_3H$  (4  $\mu$ L, 0.04 mmol, 0.2 equiv) and 1 mL  $CF_3CH_2OH$ . Then the tube was sealed and the mixture was stirred for 45 hours at 25 °C. After that, the volatile was removed by using rota-vapor and the residue was subjected to flash column chromatography to produce the desired hydration product.

**Procedure B**: To a 10 mL U-shape tube were added into the alkyne (0.2 mmol),  $H_2O$  (8  $\mu$ L, 0.4 mmol, 2 equiv),  $CF_3SO_3H$  (4  $\mu$ L, 0.04 mmol, 0.2 equiv) and 1 mL  $CF_3CH_2OH$ . Then the tube was sealed and posed into a pre-heated 70 °C oil bath and the mixture was stirred for 45 hours at room temperature. After that, the volatile was removed by using rota-vapor and the residue was subjected to flash column chromatography to produce the desired hydration product.

Gram scale reaction: To a 25 mL round bottom flask were added phenylacetylene (1.5 mL, 0.014 mol), H<sub>2</sub>O (0.5 mL, 0.028 mol, 2 equiv), CF<sub>3</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>H (0.25 mL, 0.0028 mol, 0.2 equiv) and 5 mL CF<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH. Then the tube was sealed and the mixture was stirred for 45 h at room temperature. After that, the mixture was transferred into a 250 mL separatory funnel. 50 mL ethyl acetate were added into the funnel and the mixture was washed by using 100 mL 1M NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution and 100 mL brine in order. The organic layer was dried by using anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and after filtration, the organic solvent was removed by using rotavapor and the residue was subjected to flash column chromatography (3% ethyl acetate in hexane) to produce the desired hydration product acetophenone 1.5 g (91% yield).

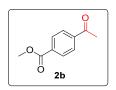
#### 3: Experimental details and characterization data of the products

All products are commercially available and the CAS number of the products were given.



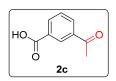
**Acetophenone (CAS: 98-86-2).** By employing **procedure A**, 0.2 mmol (22  $\mu$ L) phenylacetylene was converted into acetophenone after 45 hours. The product was purified by using 3% EtOAc in hexane to get 24.0 mg colorless oil (100% yield). <sup>1</sup>HNMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz):  $\delta$  7.96 (d, J = 9.33 Hz, 2H), 7.57 (tt,  $J_1$  = 7.39 Hz,  $J_2$  =

1.25 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (t, J = 7.74 Hz, 2H), 2.61 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>CNMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 125 MHZ):  $\delta$  198.1, 137.1, 133.1, 128.5, 128.3, 26.6.



**Methyl 4-acetylbenzoate (CAS: 3609-53-8).** By employing **procedure B**, 0.2 mmol (32 mg) methyl 4-ethynylbenzoate was converted into methyl 4-acetylbenzoate after 45 h. The product was purified by using 15% EtOAc in hexane to get 33.5 mg (94%) colorless oil. HNMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz):  $\delta$  8.11 (d, J = 8.36 Hz, 2H), 7.99 (d, J =

8.36 Hz, 2H), 3.94 (s, 3H), 2.63 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>CNMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 125 MHz): δ 197.5, 166.2, 140.2, 133.9, 129.8, 128.2, 52.4, 26.8.



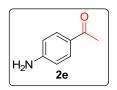
**3-acetylbenzoic acid (CAS: 586-42-5).** By employing **procedure B**, 0.2 mmol (30 mg) 3-ethynylbenzoic acid was converted into 3-acetylbenzoic acid after 45 h. The product was purified by using pure EtOAc to get 30.5 mg (93%) white solid. <sup>1</sup>HNMR

(CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz):  $\delta$  8.70 (s, 1H), 8.35 (d, J = 7.49 Hz, 1H), 8.25 (d, J = 7.96 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 2.70 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>CNMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 125 MHz):  $\delta$  197.1, 171.1, 137.4, 134.5, 133.2, 130.2, 129.8, 129.9, 26.7.

HO 2d

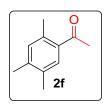
1-(3-hydroxyphenyl) ethan-1-one (CAS: 121-71-1). By employing procedure A, 0.2 mmol (24 mg) 3-hydroxyphenylacetylene was converted into 1-(3-hydroxyphenyl) ethan-1-one after 24 h. The product was purified by using 20% EtOAc in hexane to get 23.7 mg white solid (87 yield). <sup>1</sup>HNMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400

MHz):  $\delta$  7.57 (t, J = 2.27 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (d, J = 7.90 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (t, J = 8.01 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (dd,  $J_I$  = 8.05 Hz,  $J_2$  = 2.56 Hz 1H), 6.93 (s, 1H), 2.63 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>CNMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 125 MHz):  $\delta$  199.4, 156.4, 138.3, 129.9, 121.0, 120.9, 114.7, 26.7.



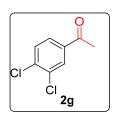
**1-(4-aminophenyl) ethan-1-one (CAS: 99-92-3).** To a 10 mL U-shape tube were added 4-ethynylaniline (0.2 mmol, 24 mg),  $H_2O$  (8  $\mu$ L, 0.4 mmol, 2 equiv),  $CF_3SO_3H$  (24  $\mu$ L, 0.24 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and 1 mL  $CF_3CH_2OH$ . Then the tube was sealed and posed into a pre-heated 70 °C oil bath and the mixture was stirred for 45 h at room

temperature. After that, the volatile was removed by using rota-vapor and the residue was subjected to flash column chromatography (30% ethyl acetate in hexane) to produce the desired hydration product as a yellow solid (23.9 mg, 89% yield).  $^{1}$ HNMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz):  $\delta$  7.82 (d, J = 8.85 Hz, 2H), 6.66 (d, J = 8.81 Hz, 2H), 4.19 (br, 2H), 2.52 (s, 3H);  $^{13}$ CNMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 100 MHz):  $\delta$  196.5, 151.2, 130.8, 127.8, 113.7, 26.1.



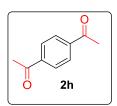
**1-(2,4,5-trimethylphenyl) ethan-1-one (CAS: 2040-07-5).** By employing **procedure A**, 0.2 mmol (30 mg) 2,4,5-trimethylphenylacetylene was converted into 1-(2,4,5-trimethylphenyl) ethan-1-one after 45 h. The product was purified by using 16% EtOAc in hexane to get 26.5 mg yellow oil (83% yield).  $^{1}$ HNMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz):  $\delta$  7.49 (s, 1H), 7.01 (s, 1H), 2.56 (s, 3H), 2.48 (s, 3H), 2.27 (s, 3H), 2.26 (s, 3H);

<sup>13</sup>CNMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 100 MHz): δ 201.1, 140.8, 136.1, 135.0, 133.6, 133.5, 131.1, 29.3, 21.2, 19.6, 19.2.



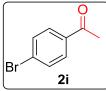
**1-(3,4-dichlorophenyl) ethan-1-one (CAS: 2642-63-9)** By employing **procedure A**, 0.2 mmol (35 mg) 3,4-dichlorophenylacetylene was converted into 1-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethan-1-one after 45 h. The product was purified by using 16% EtOAc in hexane to get 35.0 mg white solid (93% yield). HNMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz):  $\delta$  8.01 (d, J = 1.92 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (dd, J<sub>I</sub> = 8.49 Hz, J<sub>I</sub> = 1.92 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (d, J =

8.49 Hz, 1H);<sup>13</sup>CNMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 100 MHz): δ 195.6, 137.7, 136.6, 133.2, 130.7, 130.3, 127.3, 26.5.



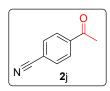
1,1'-(1,4-phenylene) bis(ethan-1-one) (CAS: 1009-61-6) To a 10 mL U-shape tube were added 1,4-diethynylbenzene (0.2 mmol, 26 mg),  $H_2O$  (16  $\mu$ L, 0.8 mmol, 4 equiv),  $CF_3SO_3H$  (8  $\mu$ L, 0.08 mmol, 0.4 equiv) and 1 mL  $CF_3CH_2OH$ . Then the tube was sealed and the mixture was stirred for 45 h at room temperature. After that, the

volatile was removed by using rota-vapor and the residue was subjected to flash column chromatography (16% ethyl acetate in hexane) to produce the desired hydration product 1,1'-(1,4-phenylene)bis(ethan-1-one) as a colorless oil (31.1 mg, 96% yield). HNMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz): δ 8.04 (s, 4H), 2.66 (s, 6H); CNMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 100 MHz): δ 197.4, 140.1, 128.4, 26.8.



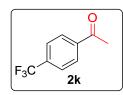
**1-(4-bromophenyl) ethan-1-one (CAS: 99-90-1)** By employing **procedure A**, 0.2 mmol (37 mg) 4-bromophenylacetylene was converted into 1-(4-bromophenyl)ethan-1-one after 45 h. The product was purified by using 16% EtOAc in hexane to get 37.8 mg yellow solid (95% yield). HNMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz):

δ 8.04 (d, J = 8.42 Hz, 2H), 7.77 (d, J = 8.02 Hz, 2H), 2.64 (s, 3H);<sup>13</sup>CNMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 125 MHz): δ 196.9, 135.8, 131.9, 129.8, 128.3, 26.5.



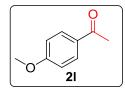
**4-acetylbenzonitrile (CAS: 144-80-7)** To a 10 mL U-shape tube were added 4-ethynylbenzonitrile (0.2 mmol, 26 mg),  $H_2O$  (8  $\mu$ L, 0.4 mmol, 2 equiv),  $CF_3SO_3H$  (24  $\mu$ L, 0.24 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and 1 mL  $CF_3CH_2OH$ . Then the tube was sealed and posed into a pre-heated 70 °C oil bath and the mixture was stirred for 45 h. After that, the

volatile was removed by using rota-vapor and the residue was subjected to flash column chromatography (16% ethyl acetate in hexane) to produce the desired hydration product 4-acetylbenzonitrile as a colorless oil (23.3 mg, 80% yield). HNMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz):  $\delta$  7.81 (d, J = 8.49 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (d, J = 8.01 Hz, 2H), 2.58 (s, 3H);  $^{13}$ CNMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 125 MHz):  $\delta$  196.5, 139.9, 132.5, 128.7, 117.9, 116.4, 26.7.



1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethan-1-one (CAS: 709-63-7) By employing procedure B, 0.2 mmol (35  $\mu$ L) 4-trifluoromethylphenylacetylene was converted into 1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethan-1-one after 45 h. The product was purified by using 9% EtOAc in hexane to get 34.2 mg (91%) colorless oil. HNMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>,

400 MHz): δ 8.06 (d, J = 8.25 Hz, 2H), 7.74 (d, J = 8.08 Hz, 2H), 2.65 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>CNMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 100 MHz): δ 196.9, 139.6, 133.3 (q, J = 32.6 Hz), 128.6, 125.6 (q, J = 3.84 Hz), 123.6 (q, J = 270.5), 26.72. <sup>19</sup>FNMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 500 MHz): δ -63.14.



1-(4-methoxyphenyl) ethan-1-one (CAS: 100-06-1) By employing procedure A, 0.2 mmol (27  $\mu$ L) 4-methoxyphenylacetylene was converted into 1-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethan-1-one after 24 h. The product was purified by using 16% EtOAc in hexane to get 29.1 mg yellow oil (97% yield). <sup>1</sup>HNMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400

MHz):  $\delta$  7.93 (d, J = 8.76 Hz, 2H), 6.92 (d, J = 9.04 Hz, 2H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 2.55 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>CNMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 125 MHz):  $\delta$  196.7, 163.4, 130.5, 130.3, 113.6, 55.4, 26.3.



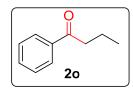
1-(4-fluorophenyl)ethan-1-one (CAS: 403-42-9) By employing procedure B, 0.2 mmol (25  $\mu$ L) 4-fluoromethylphenylacetylene was converted into 1-(4-fluorophenyl)ethan-1-one after 45 h. The product was purified by using 9% EtOAc

in hexane to get 26.8 mg (97%) colorless oil. HNMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz):  $\delta$  8.01 (m, 2H), 7.16 (m, 2H), 2.62 (s, 3H); CNMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 100 MHz):  $\delta$  196.4,165.8 (J = 253.29 Hz), 133.6 (J = 2.5 Hz), 130.8 (J = 9.1 Hz), 115.6 (J = 21.79 Hz), 26.5; PNMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz):  $\delta$  -105.35.

2n

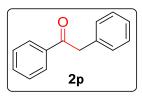
decan-2-one (CAS: 693-54-9) By employing procedure B, 0.2 mmol (36  $\mu$ L) 4-fluoromethylphenylacetylene was converted into decan-2-one after 45 h. The product was purified by using 9% EtOAc in hexane to

get 23.7 mg (76%) colorless oil. HNMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz):  $\delta$  2.43 (t, J = 7.67 Hz, 2H), 2.15 (s, 3H), 1.64-1.52 (m, 2H), 1.37-1.21 (m, 10H), 0.89 (t, J = 6.87 Hz, 3H); CNMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 100 MHz):  $\delta$  209.3, 43.8, 31.8, 29.8, 29.3, 29.1, 29.1, 23.8, 22.6, 14.0.



1,2-diphenylethan-1-one (CAS: 451-40-1) By employing procedure A, 0.2 mmol (29  $\mu$ L) 1-phenyl-butyne was converted into 1,2-diphenylethan-1-one after 45 h. The product was purified by using 16% EtOAc in hexane to get 27.2 mg colorless oil (92% yield). HNMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz):  $\delta$  8.07-8.02 (m, 2H), 7.61-

7.56 (m, 1H), 7.52-7.46 (m, 2H), 7.39-7.27 (m, 5H), 4.32 (s, 2H); <sup>13</sup>CNMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 125 MHz): δ 197.6, 136.6, 134.5, 133.1, 129.4, 128.6, 128.6, 128.6, 126.9, 45.5.

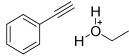


**1-phenylbutan-1-one (CAS: 495-40-9)** By employing **procedure A**, 0.2 mmol (36 mg) diphenylacetylene was converted into 1-phenylbutan-1-one after 45 h. The product was purified by using 16% EtOAc in hexane to get 36.8 mg yellow solid (94% yield).  $^{1}$ HNMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz):  $\delta$  7.96 (d, J = 7.24Hz, 2H), 7.55

(t, J = 7.33 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (t, J = 7.84 Hz, 2H), 2.95 (t, J = 7.27 Hz, 2H), 1.77 (sextet, J = 7.55 Hz, 2H), 1.01 (t, J = 7.10 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>CNMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 100 MHz):  $\delta$  200.5, 137.1, 132.9, 128.6, 128.0, 40.5, 17.8, 13.9.

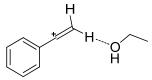
#### 4: Calculation data

Atomic Cartesian coordinates and computed energies (atomic units) for the stationary points calculated with basis set [B3LYP/6-31G+(d)]



Sum of electronic and zero-point Energies= -463.580609 Sum of electronic and thermal Energies= -463.568067 Sum of electronic and thermal Enthalpies= -463.567123 Sum of electronic and thermal Free Energies= -463.621024

Center	Atomic Atomic			Coordinates (Angstroms		
Number	Numbe	er	Type 2	X Y	Z	
1	6	0	-1.768228	0.749264	-0.866799	
2	6	0	-0.820766	0.749204	0.158200	
3	6	0	-0.693427	-0.040588		
4	6	0	-1.514203	-1.180658		
5	6	0	-2.446815	-1.361915		
6	6	0	-2.570393	-0.392934	-0.875362	
7	1	0	-1.877208	1.503268	-1.640049	
8	1	0	-0.029499	0.144861	2.012616	
9	1	0	-1.439256	-1.906912	1.959621	
10	1	0	-3.086857	-2.239149	0.121344	
11	1	0	-3.302945	-0.523943	-1.666630	
12	6	0	-0.005899	2.120664	0.186574	
13	6	0	0.684270	3.116487	0.206454	
14	1	0	1.370173	-2.290365	-0.360296	
15	1	0	1.261082	4.016668	0.235334	
16	8	0	1.213522	-1.364152	-0.637511	
17	6	0	3.422979	-0.738079	0.386201	
18	6	0	2.509371	-0.562588	-0.800118	
19	1	0	2.908784	-0.946656	-1.738784	
20	1	0	2.134155	0.451884	-0.934107	
21	1	0	0.532074	-0.934756	-0.004595	
22	1	0	2.972280	-0.371013	1.313291	
23	1	0	4.327585	-0.146248	0.200322	
24	1	0	3.740116	-1.779161	0.515295	



Sum of electronic and zero-point Energies= -463.608679
Sum of electronic and thermal Energies= -463.595936
Sum of electronic and thermal Enthalpies= -463.594992
Sum of electronic and thermal Free Energies= -463.651606

Center	Atomic	Atomic	Coordin	ates	(Angstroms)
Number	Number	Type	X	Y	Z

1	6	0	-2.023259	-0.806028	-0.956652
2	6	0	-1.538534	0.364378	-0.284476
3	6	0	-2.303776	0.952549	0.776265
4	6	0	-3.508527	0.382232	1.141407
5	6	0	-3.966988	-0.765818	0.469414
6	6	0	-3.230756	-1.358197	-0.573129
7	1	0	-1.432551	-1.239420	-1.757537
8	1	0	-1.923421	1.838081	1.275631
9	1	0	-4.100093	0.815127	1.941744
10	1	0	-4.915720	-1.207099	0.763610
11	1	0	-3.612009	-2.243559	-1.071790
12	6	0	-0.347663	0.924453	-0.659581
13	6	0	0.780540	1.433978	-0.992198
14	1	0	1.723494	1.096661	-0.496066
15	1	0	0.860253	2.205687	-1.760616
16	8	0	3.223181	0.465112	0.374856
17	6	0	5.070503	-1.135249	0.692979
18	6	0	4.304854	-0.247768	-0.276414
19	1	0	3.815679	-0.842736	-1.052624
20	1	0	4.970317	0.473701	-0.767465
21	1	0	3.591523	1.002636	1.095428
22	1	0	4.404141	-1.860458	1.171551
23	1	0	5.560422	-0.542193	1.475550
24	1	0	5.854157	-1.684506	0.158042

Sum of electronic and zero-point Energies=
Sum of electronic and thermal Energies=
Sum of electronic and thermal Enthalpies=
Sum of electronic and thermal Free Energies=

-761.324575 -761.310375 -761.309430 -761.369055

Center	Atomi	ic Fo	Forces (Hartrees/Bohr)		
Number	Num	ber X	Y	Z	
1	6	-0.000006959	0.000004417	-0.000009320	
_	-				
2	6	0.000002667	-0.000007530	-0.000004591	
3	6	-0.000001389	-0.000001824	0.000002877	
4	6	0.000000944	0.000004999	-0.000006374	
5	6	0.000004316	-0.000004268	-0.000007459	
6	6	-0.000001072	-0.000005847	0.000000488	
7	1	-0.000006995	-0.000004742	-0.000004060	
8	1	0.000005697	-0.000000290	-0.000005734	
9	1	0.000008382	0.000000365	-0.000004715	
10	1	0.000002962	0.000000039	-0.000005579	
11	1	-0.000004077	-0.000002563	-0.000005749	
12	6	-0.000006698	-0.000002192	-0.000004369	
13	6	-0.000004206	-0.000005428	-0.000007612	
14	1	0.000002096	0.000004186	0.000001037	
15	1	-0.000005901	-0.000005352	-0.000000228	
16	8	0.000007767	0.000004627	0.000020370	
17	6	0.000006712	0.000004853	0.000014954	
18	9	-0.000003828	0.000008486	0.000006556	

19	9	0.000001522	-0.000001328	0.000002363
20	9	0.000005428	0.000008240	0.000010125
21	6	-0.000003982	-0.000007717	0.000015393
22	1	0.000003781	0.000001420	0.000007558
23	1	-0.000005609	0.000013157	-0.000017672
24	1	-0.000001558	-0.000005708	0.000001741

H H O CF<sub>3</sub>

Sum of electronic and zero-point Energies= -761.370652
Sum of electronic and thermal Energies= -761.356087
Sum of electronic and thermal Enthalpies= -761.355142
Sum of electronic and thermal Free Energies= -761.416240

Center	Atoı	mic	Forces (Hartrees/Bohr)			
Number	Nι	ımber	X	Y	Z	
1	6	-0.0000009	21 0.00	00003455	0.000003786	
2	6	-0.0000002		00003455	-0.000003786	
3	6	0.00000022		0000902	0.000004666	
4	6	-0.0000012		00001830	0.000001000	
5	6	-0.0000012		00001030	0.000001107	
6	6	-0.0000021		00007067	0.000002336	
7	1	-0.0000012		00005210	0.000000160	
8	1	0.0000012		00000016	0.000001767	
9	1	0.00000027		0000010	0.000001767	
10	1	-0.0000001		00006033	-0.000001202	
11	1	-0.0000039		00007647	0.000000897	
12	6	-0.0000009		000000384	0.000000007	
13	6	0.0000120		00004208	0.000000103	
14	1	-0.000002		00003664	0.000001787	
15	1	0.000002		00000824	0.000001707	
16	8	0.0000131		00000521	-0.000004595	
17	6	0.0000171		00016986	-0.000001477	
18	9	-0.000017		00000024	-0.000001177	
19	9	-0.000005		00005574	-0.000010307	
20	9	-0.000010		00000259	-0.000001510	
21	6	-0.0000002		00003651	-0.000001510	
22	1	-0.000002		00003899	-0.000000323	
23	1	0.0000001		00005850	-0.000005316	
24	1	-0.000001		00005050	0.000003310	
2.	•	0.000001	J.0	0000000	3.000001171	

## 5: Copies of NMR spectra

